

13.2.1. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಬೀಜೋಕ್ತಿಗಳನ್ನು ಅಪವರ್ತಿಸಿ.

ಇಲ್ಲಿ $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + 2ab$ ----ಸ.(I) ಮತ್ತು $(a - b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab$ ----ಸ.(II) ಎನ್ನುವ ನಿತ್ಯಸಮೀಕರಣಗಳನ್ನು ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸಿದೆ.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(i)} \quad & a^2 + 8a + 16 \\ &= (a)^2 + 2 \cdot 4a + 4^2 \text{ -----ಸ.(I)} \\ &= (a+4)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(ii)} \quad & p^2 - 10p + 25 \\ &= (p)^2 - 2 \cdot 5p + 5^2 \text{ -----ಸ.(II)} \\ &= (p-5)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iii)} \quad & 25m^2 + 30m + 9 \\ &= (5m)^2 + 2 \cdot 5m \cdot 3 + 3^2 \text{ -----ಸ.(I)} \\ &= (5m+3)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iv)} \quad & 49y^2 + 84yz + 36z^2 \\ &= (7y)^2 + 2 \cdot 7y \cdot 6z + (6z)^2 \text{ -----ಸ.(I)} \\ &= (7y+6z)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(v)} \quad & 4x^2 - 8x + 4 \\ &= 4(x^2 - 2x + 1) \\ &= 4(x^2 - 2 \cdot x + 1^2) \text{ -----ಸ.(II)} \\ &= 4(x-1)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(vi)} \quad & 121b^2 - 88bc + 16c^2 \\ &= (11b)^2 - 2 \cdot 11b \cdot 4c + (4c)^2 \text{ ----ಸ.(II)} \\ &= (11b-4c)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(vii)} \quad & (l+m)^2 - 4lm \text{ -----ಸ.(I)} \\ &= l^2 + m^2 + 2lm - 4lm \\ &= l^2 + m^2 - 2lm \text{ -----ಸ.(II)} \\ &= (l-m)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(viii)} \quad & a^4 + 2a^2b^2 + b^4 \\ &= (a^2)^2 + 2a^2b^2 + (b^2)^2 \text{ -----ಸ.(I)} \\ &= (a^2 + b^2)^2 \end{aligned}$$

13.2.2. ಅಪವರ್ತಿಸಿ.

$a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$ -----ಸ.(III) ಎನ್ನುವ ನಿತ್ಯಸಮೀಕರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಹಿಂದೆ ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸಿದ ಸಮೀಕರಣಗಳನ್ನು ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸಿದೆ.

(i) $4p^2 - 9q^2$ $= (2p)^2 - (3q)^2$ -----ಸ.(III) $= (2p+3q)(2p-3q)$
(ii) $63a^2 - 112b^2$ $= 7(9a^2 - 16b^2)$ $= 7[(3a)^2 - (4b)^2]$ -----ಸ.(III) $= 7(3a+4b)(3a-4b)$
(iii) $49x^2 - 36$ $= (7x)^2 - 6^2$ -----ಸ.(III) $= (7x+6)(7x-6)$
(iv) $16x^5 - 9x^3$ $= 16x^3(x^2 - 3^2)$ -----ಸ.(III) $= 16x^3(x+3)(x-3)$
(v) $(l+m)^2 - (l-m)^2$ ----- ಸ.(I)& ಸ.(II) $= l^2 + m^2 + 2lm - (l^2 + m^2 - 2lm)$ $= l^2 + m^2 + 2lm - l^2 - m^2 + 2lm$ $= 4lm$
(vi) $9x^2 y^2 - 16$ $= (3xy)^2 - 4^2$ ----- ಸ. (III) $= (3xy+4)(3xy-4)$
(vii) $(x^2 - 2xy + y^2) - z^2$ $= (x-y)^2 - z^2$ ----- ಸ. (II) & ಸ. (III) $= (x-y+z)(x-y-z)$
(viii) $25a^2 - 4b^2 + 28bc - 49c^2$ $= 25a^2 - \{4b^2 - 28bc + 49c^2\}$ $= 25a^2 - \{(2b)^2 - 2 \cdot 14bc + (7c)^2\}$ ----- ಸ. (II) $= (5a)^2 - \{(2b-7c)^2\}$ ----- ಸ. (II) & ಸ. (III) $= (5a+2b-7c)(5a-(2b-7c))$ $= (5a+2b-7c)(5a-2b+7c)$

13.2.3. ಈ ಬೀಜೋಕ್ತಿಗಳನ್ನು ಅಪವರ್ತಿಸಿ.

$$(i) ax^2 + bx$$

$$= a \cdot x \cdot x + b \cdot x$$

$$= x(ax + b)$$

$$(ii) 7p^2 + 21q^2$$

$$= 7 \cdot p \cdot p + 7 \cdot 3 \cdot q \cdot q$$

$$= 7(p^2 + 3q^2)$$

$$(iii) 2x^3 + 2xy^2 + 2xz^2$$

$$= 2 \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x + 2 \cdot x \cdot y \cdot y + 2 \cdot x \cdot z \cdot z$$

$$= 2x(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$$

$$(iv) am^2 + bm^2 + bn^2 + an^2$$

$$= a \cdot m \cdot m + b \cdot m \cdot m + b \cdot n \cdot n + a \cdot n \cdot n$$

$$= m^2(a + b) + n^2(a + b)$$

$$= (a + b)(m^2 + n^2)$$

$$(v) (lm + l) + m + 1$$

$$= l(m + 1) + (m + 1)$$

$$= (m + 1)(l + 1)$$

$$(vi) y(y + z) + 9(y + z)$$

$$= (y + z)(y + 9)$$

$$(vii) 5y^2 - 20y - 8z + 2yz$$

$$= 5y^2 - 20y + 2yz - 8z$$

$$= 5 \cdot y \cdot y - 5 \cdot 4 \cdot y + 2 \cdot y \cdot z - 2 \cdot 4 \cdot z$$

$$= 5y(y - 4) + 2z(y - 4)$$

$$= (y - 4)(5y + 2z)$$

$$(viii) 10ab + 4a + 5b + 2$$

$$= 2a(5b + 2) + (5b + 2)$$

$$= (5b + 2)(2a + 1)$$

$$(ix) 6xy - 4y + 6 - 9x$$

$$6xy - 4y - 9x + 6$$

$$= 2y(3x - 2) - 3(3x - 2)$$

$$= (3x - 2)(2y - 3)$$

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13.2.4. ಅಪವರ್ತಿಸಿ.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(i) } a^4 - b^4 &= (a^2)^2 - (b^2)^2 \text{----- ಸ. (III)} \\ &= (a^2 + b^2)(a^2 - b^2) \text{----- ಸ. (III)} \\ &= (a^2 + b^2)(a + b)(a - b) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(ii) } p^4 - 81 &= p^4 - 9^2 \text{----- ಸ. (III)} \\ &= (p^2 + 9)(p^2 - 9) \\ &= (p^2 + 9)(p^2 - 3^2) \text{----- ಸ. (III)} \\ &= (p^2 + 9)(p + 3)(p - 3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iii) } x^4 - (y + z)^4 &= (x^2)^2 - \{(y + z)^2\}^2 \text{----- ಸ. (III)} \\ &= \{x^2 + (y + z)^2\} \{x^2 - (y + z)^2\} \text{----- ಸ. (III)} \\ &= \{x^2 + (y + z)^2\} \{x + (y + z)\} \{x - (y + z)\} \\ &= \{x^2 + (y + z)^2\} \{x + y + z\} \{x - y - z\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iv) } x^4 - (x - z)^4 &= (x^2)^2 - \{(x - z)^2\}^2 \text{----- ಸ. (III)} \\ &= \{x^2 + (x - z)^2\} \{x^2 - (x - z)^2\} \text{----- ಸ. (III)} \\ &= \{x^2 + x^2 + z^2 - 2xz\} \{x + (x - z)\} \{x - (x - z)\} \\ &= \{2x^2 + z^2 - 2xz\} \{2x - z\} \{z\} \\ &= z(2x - z)(2x^2 + z^2 - 2xz) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(v) } a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4 &= (a^2)^2 + (b^2)^2 - 2a^2b^2 \text{----- ಸ. (II)} \\ &= \{a^2 - b^2\}^2 \text{----- ಸ. (III)} \\ &= \{(a + b)(a - b)\}^2 \\ &= (a + b)^2(a - b)^2 \end{aligned}$$

13.2.5. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಬೀಜೋಕ್ತಿಗಳನ್ನು ಅಪವರ್ತಿಸಿ.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(i) } & p^2 + 6p + 8 \\ &= (p^2 + 6p + 9) - 1 \text{----- ಸ. (I)} \\ &= (p+3)^2 - 1 \text{----- ಸ. (II)} \\ &= \{(p+3)+1\} \{(p+3)-1\} \\ &= (p+4)(p+2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(ii) } & q^2 - 10q + 21 \\ &= (q^2 - 10q + 25) - 4 \text{----- ಸ. (I)} \\ &= (q-5)^2 - 2^2 \text{----- ಸ. (II)} \\ &= \{(q-5)+2\} \{(q-5)-2\} \\ &= (q-3)(q-7) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(ii) } & p^2 + 6p - 16 \\ &= p^2 + 6p + 9 - 25 \text{----- ಸ. (I)} \\ &= (p+3)^2 - 5^2 \text{----- ಸ. (II)} \\ &= \{(p+3)+5\} \{(p+3)-5\} \\ &= (p+8)(p-2) \end{aligned}$$

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